\*\*\* It is now 2010/04/19 16:54:49 \*\*\*

```
File 347: JAPIO Dec 1976-2009/Dec (Updated 100326)
       (c) 2010 JPO & JAPIO
Set
        Items
               Description
               SAR OR ABSORPTION () RATE
S1
        1875
S2
               WAVEGUIDE? ? OR WAVE () GUIDE? ?
        32604
S3
              S1 AND S2
           14
S4
          600
              SAR OR SPECIFIC () ABSORPTION
              S2 AND S4
S5
            4
       161292
               (OPTICAL?? OR IMAGE) (N) (FIBRE? ? OR FIBER? ? OR MEDIUM? ?) OR
LIGHTGUIDE? ? OR LIGHTPIPE? ? OR LIGHTWAVE? ? OR (WAVE? ? OR LIGHT???) (2N) (GUIDE?
? OR PIPE? ? OR CONDUCT??? OR CHANNEL? ?)
S7
               S1 AND S6
           41
S8
           40
               S7 NOT S5
               PROBING OR PROBE? ? OR SENSOR? ? OR SENSING OR MICROPROB???
S9
       475046
S10
               S8 AND S9
S11
       203474
               PHONE OR TELEPHONE? ? OR (MOBILE OR CELLULAR OR HANDHELD OR PORTABLE
OR HELD) (1N) (DEVICE? ? OR ELECTRONIC? ? OR TERMINAL? ? OR UNIT? ? OR EQUIPMENT? ?) OR
PDA? ? OR PERSONAL () DATA OR CELLPHONE? ?
S12
           6
               S8 AND S11
S13
           34
              S8 NOT S12
S14
              S1 AND S6
           41
S15
              S4 AND S6
           16
           7
              S15 NOT S14
S16
Set.
       Items Description
               SAR OR ABSORPTION () RATE
S1
        1875
S2
        32604
               WAVEGUIDE? ? OR WAVE () GUIDE? ?
              ELECTROMAGNETIC?? (1W) RADIAT????
S3
        1869
S4
       475046
              PROBING OR PROBE? ? OR SENSOR? ? OR SENSING OR MICROPROB???
              S1 AND S3
S5
          14
           75
              S1 AND S4
               S2:S3 AND S6
S7
           5
               S5 OR S7
S8
           14
SYSTEM:OS - DIALOG OneSearch
       2:INSPEC 1898-2010/Apr W2
 File
         (c) 2010 The IET
*File
        2: IPC codes have been added to the file. See HELP NEWS 2
for details.
 File
        6:NTIS 1964-2010/Apr W3
         (c) 2010 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
 File
        8:Ei Compendex(R) 1884-2010/Apr W2
         (c) 2010 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
  File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2010/Apr W2
        (c) 2010 The Thomson Corp
 File 35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2010/Mar
         (c) 2010 ProQuest Info&Learning
  File 56:Computer and Information Systems Abstracts 1966-2010/Feb
        (c) 2010 CSA.
 File 57:Electronics & Communications Abstracts 1966-2010/Feb
         (c) 2010 CSA.
 File 60:ANTE: Abstracts in New Tech & Engineer 1966-2010/Feb
         (c) 2010 CSA.
```

```
File 65:Inside Conferences 1993-2010/Apr 20
        (c) 2010 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
  File 68: Solid State & Superconductivity Abstracts 1966-2010/Feb
         (c) 2010 CSA.
  File 95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2010/Mar W1
        (c) 2010 FIZ TECHNIK
 File 99: Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2010/Feb
         (c) 2010 The HW Wilson Co.
  File 103:ENERGY SCITEC 1974-2010/FEB B1
         (c) 2010 CONTAINS COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL
*File 103: For access restrictions see Help Restrict.
  File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
         (c) 2006 The Thomson Corp
 File 144:Pascal 1973-2010/Apr W2
         (c) 2010 INIST/CNRS
 File 23:CSA Technology Research Database 1963-2010/Feb
         (c) 2010 CSA.
Set
        Items
              Description
          89 AU=GARREAU, P?
S1
              AU=DUCHESNE, L?
S2
         131
        1139 AU=BOLOMEY, J?
S3
S4
          29 AU=GARREAU P?
S5
         161 AU=DUCHESNE L?
S6
         242 AU=BOLOMEY J?
     435847 (WAVEGUIDE? ? OR WAVE () GUIDE? ?)/AB,TI
S7
       113850 (SAR OR SPECIFIC () ABSORPTION)/AB,TI
S8
         750 S7 AND S8
S9
       548562 PHONE OR TELEPHONE? ? OR (MOBILE OR CELLULAR OR HANDHELD OR PORTABLE
S10
OR HELD) (1N) (DEVICE? ? OR ELECTRONIC? ? OR TERMINAL? ? OR UNIT? ? OR EQUIPMENT? ?) OR
PDA? ? OR PERSONAL () DATA OR CELLPHONE? ?
               S9 AND S10
S11
           43
S12
           20
               RD (unique items)
S13
               S1:S6 AND S9
           0
               (LIGHTGUIDE? ? OR LIGHTPIPE? ? OR LIGHTWAVE? ? OR (WAVE? ? OR
       128246
LIGHT???)(2N) (GUIDE? ? OR PIPE? ? OR CONDUCT??? OR CHANNEL? ?))/AB,TI
S15
     3267625
              (PROBING OR PROBE? ? OR SENSOR? ? OR SENSING OR MICROPROB???)/AB,TI
S16
          149
               (S7 OR S14) AND S15 AND S10
S17
          95
               RD (unique items)
               S17 NOT S12
S18
          88
S19
          237
               S1:S6 AND S14:S15
S20
               S1:S6 AND S14 AND S15
           Ω
File 325: Chinese Patents Fulltext 1985-2005
       (c) 2010 Scipat Benelux NV
Set.
        Items
               Description
S1
               AU=GARREAU, P?
           0
S2
           0
              AU=DUCHESNE, L?
S3
           0 AU=BOLOMEY, J?
S4
           0 AU=GARREAU P?
S5
              AU=DUCHESNE L?
           0
S6
           0
              AU=BOLOMEY J?
S7
       11869 (WAVEGUIDE? ? OR WAVE () GUIDE? ?)
S8
        3239 (SAR OR SPECIFIC () ABSORPTION)
```

S9 221899 PHONE OR TELEPHONE? ? OR (MOBILE OR CELLULAR OR HANDHELD OR PORTABLE OR HELD)(1N)(DEVICE? ? OR ELECTRONIC? ? OR TERMINAL? ? OR UNIT? ? OR EQUIPMENT? ?) OR PDA? ? OR PERSONAL () DATA OR CELLPHONE? ?

```
(LIGHTGUIDE? ? OR LIGHTPIPE? ? OR LIGHTWAVE? ? OR (WAVE? ? OR
LIGHT???) (2N) (GUIDE? ? OR PIPE? ? OR CONDUCT??? OR CHANNEL? ?))
      280961
             (PROBING OR PROBE? ? OR SENSOR? ? OR SENSING OR MICROPROB???)
     151 (S7 OR S10) AND S8 AND S11
S12
S13
         76 S9 AND S12
S14
        133 S8/AB,TI
S15
         7 (S7 OR S10) AND S14
S16
         6 S15 NOT S13
       8472
S17
             (S7 OR S10)/AB,TI
      57444
             S11/AB,TI
S18
         4 S8 AND S17 AND S18
S19
```

SYSTEM:OS - DIALOG OneSearch

File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-201014

(c) 2010 European Patent Office

File 350: Derwent WPIX 1963-2010/UD=201024

(c) 2010 Thomson Reuters

Set	Items	Description
S1	9	AU=GARREAU, P?
S2	14	AU=DUCHESNE, L?
S3	16	AU=BOLOMEY, J?
S4	22	AU=GARREAU P?
S5	37	AU=DUCHESNE L?
S6	29	AU=BOLOMEY J?
S7	135332	(WAVEGUIDE? ? OR WAVE () GUIDE? ? OR LIGHTGUIDE? ? OR LIGHTPIPE? ? OR
LIGH	HTWAVE? ? (	OR (WAVE? ? OR LIGHT???) (1N) (GUIDE? ? OR PIPE? ? OR CONDUCT??? OR
CHAN	NEL? ?))/A	AB,TI

S8	7399	(SAR OR SPECIFIC () ABSORPTION)
S9	1165827	(PROBING OR PROBE? ? OR SENSOR? ? OR SENSING OR MICROPROB???)/AB,TI
S10	10	S7 AND S9 AND S8
S11	6	S1:S6 AND S8
S12	5	S11 NOT S10
S13	34	S7 AND S8
S14	24	S13 NOT S10:S11

12/9/17 (Item 2 from file: 57)

DIALOG(R)File 57: Electronics & Communications Abstracts

0000381121 IP Accession No: 200609-20-069306

Calibration of specific absorption rate (SAR) probes in waveguide at 900 MHz

Jokela, K; Hyysalo, P; Puranen, L

IEEE Transactions on Instrumentation and Measurement, v 47, n 2, p 432-438, Apr. 1998

**Publication Date: 1998** 

Publisher: Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 445 Hoes Ln, Piscataway, NJ, 08854-

1331

Country Of Publication: USA
Publisher Url: http://ieee.org
Publisher Email: inspec@ieee.org

**Document Type:** Journal Article

Record Type: Abstract Language: English ISSN: 0018-9456

**DOI:** 10.1109/19.744187

File Segment: Electronics & Communications Abstracts

## **Abstract:**

The radiation safety tests for hand-held mobile phones require precise calibration of the small electric field probes used for the measurement of specific absorption rate (SAR) in phantoms simulating the human body. In this study, a calibration system based on a rectangular waveguide was developed for SAR calibrations at 900 MHz. The cross-sectional dimensions of the waveguide are a=190 mm and b=140 mm. The waveguide is loaded with a rectangular liquid slab where the dielectric parameters of the medium simulate human muscle and brain. The precise SAR reference is derived from the temperature rise during a short-term (10-15 s) microwave heating of the lossy slab by measuring with sensitive thermistor-type probes equipped with highly resistive lines. The thermistor probes are calibrated against a calibrated mercury thermometer. To improve the uniformity of the electric field at the calibration position, the thickness of the tissue equivalent slab was varied to adjust the standing wave pattern. This resulted in an almost threefold reduction in the positioning error of the E-field probe. The absolute uncertainty of the calibration is estimated to be +/-5% (2 sigma) not including the uncertainty of the conductivity. The difference between the thermally measured SAR and a value computed with the FDTD method was well within this limit of uncertainty. This kind of closed waveguide system is more compact and requires less microwave power than open field calibration systems. Moreover, no radio-frequency interference is generated

**Descriptors:** Calibration; Planetary probes; Synthetic aperture radar; Waveguides; Slabs; Uncertainty; Electric fields; Computer simulation; Microwaves; Human; Interference; **Telephones**; Cross sections; Muscles; Brain; Errors; Mercury; Reduction; Liquids; Finite difference time domain method **Subj Catg:** 20, Components and Materials (General)

10/K,3/6 (Item 6 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

0014102902 Drawing available WPI Acc no: 2004-287143/200427 XRAM Acc no: C2004-110788 XRPX Acc No: N2004-227716

Micro biochemical evaluation equipment useful for evaluating liquid, comprises substrate having flow path on upper surface and chemical sensor used as optical wave guide of flow path

Patent Assignee: COPAL DENSHI KK (COPB) Inventor: HIRAI E; HIROSE M; SAOTOME Y

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)									
Patent Number Kind Date Application Number Kind Date Update Type									
JP 2004061222 A	20040226	JP 2002218082	A	20020726	5 200427 B				

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): JP 2002218082 A 20020726

Patent Details									
Patent Number Kind Lan Pgs Draw Filing Notes									
JP 2004061222	A	JA	13	36					

...equipment useful for evaluating liquid, comprises substrate having flow path on upper surface and chemical sensor used as optical wave guide of flow path Alerting Abstract ...path (2) of 1 mum dimension was formed on the upper surface and a chemical sensor (7) used as an optical wave guide (6) of a flow path at the region which contacts the flowing liquid. ...ADVANTAGE - (I) enables to analyze a specific absorption spectrum without any turbulence to the liquid sample. (I) also enables to analyze the non... ...6optical wave guide ... ...7chemical sensor Technology Focus BIOTECHNOLOGY - Preferred Equipment: In (I), the chemical sensor is provided as a liquid which flows through the flow path of the substrate, and used as an optical wave guide. The chemical sensor is provided in order to prevent the use of a unit for introducing light to the optical wave guide which uses conversion unit such as a grating and a prism. The evaluation unit determines... ...refraction change rate at a specific wave length of light which passes along the optical wave guide of the chemical sensor. The substrate of (I) optionally comprises an incident light unit and an emitted light unit... ...index of the optical path using an other optical path as a reference. The optical waveguide is arranged at any one of the base of the flow path, or one or...

DIALOG(R)File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

12/K3/2 (Item 2 from file: 348)

01813051

# METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR MEASURING A SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR) Patent Assignee:

• **Supelec** (4347830)

3, rue Joliot-Curie, Plateau de Moulon; 91192 Gif sur Yvette Cedex (FR) (Proprietor designated states: all)

#### **Inventor:**

• MERCKEL, Olivier

3, rue du General Leclerc; F-91440 Bures sur Yvette; (FR)

• BOLOMEY, Jean-Charles

10, rue Toussaint Feron; F-75013 Paris; (FR)

• ...FR)

:

• BOLOMEY, Jean-Charles...

::

	Country	Number	Kind	Date	
Patent	EP	1597601	A2	20051123	(Basic)
	EP	1597601	B1	20070606	
	WO	2004079299		20040916	
Application	EP	2004713926		20040224	
	WO	2004FR409		20040224	
Priorities	FR	032441		20030227	

**Specification:** ...de masse de tissu biologique, le DAS en français (Debit d'Absorption Specifique) ou le **SAR** en anglais ("**Specific Absorption** Rate"), qui est prise en compte. La recommandation europeenne 1999/519/EC et le decret... ...dans un volume de 1g.

La norme europeenne prEN50361 precise le protocole de mesure du SAR. Une sonde electrique isotrope est deplacee dans un fantome, recipient dont la forme reproduit celle... ...constituant la tete. Les caracteristiques dielectriques de ce liquide ont ete determinees par comparaison des SAR obtenus par modelisation numerique, d'une part, avec un fantome homogene et, d'autre part... ...fantome est fixe a quelques millimetres, dans un volume explore de quelques centimetres cubes. Le SAR moyenne dans un cube de 10g ou 1g, selon la norme, se deduit des valeurs... ...antennes, il est necessaire d'obtenir avec un maximum de rapidite des informations relatives au SAR, de la meme facon que sont pratiquees les mesures d'adaptation d'impedance, de diagrammes... ...lourde, peut-il etre utile d'obtenir rapidement une premiere information sur la valeur du SAR. Enfin, il est raisonnable d'envisager l'evolution des normes par l'amelioration de leur... ...oeuvre.

12/K,3/5 (Item 3 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

0014463848 *Drawing available*WPI Acc no: 2004-655160/200464
XRPX Acc No: N2004-518379

Method for measuring specific absorption rate in simulated biological tissue, comprises measurement of electric field amplitude and phase inside container, making transformation and calculating rate

Patent Assignee: ECOLE SUPERIEURE ELECTRICITE (ECOL-N); SUPELEC (SUPE-N)

Inventor: BOLOMEY J; BOLOMEY J C; MERCKEL O

	]	Patent Fam	ily (5 patents, 107 cou	ntries	)		
Patent Number	Kind	Date	<b>Application Number</b>	Kind	Date	Update	Type
FR 2851823	<b>A</b> 1	20040903	FR 20032441	A	20030227	200464	В
WO 2004079299	A2	20040916	WO 2004FR409	A	20040224	200464	E
EP 1597601	A2	20051123	EP 2004713926	A	20040224	200577	Е
			WO 2004FR409	A	20040224		
EP 1597601	B1	20070606	EP 2004713926	A	20040224	200738	Е
			WO 2004FR409	A	20040224		
DE 602004006840	E	20070719	DE 062004006840	A	20040224	200755	Е
			EP 2004713926	A	20040224		
			WO 2004FR409	A	20040224		

Method for measuring specific absorption rate in simulated biological tissue, comprises measurement of electric field amplitude and phase inside container......Original Titles:METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR MEASURING A SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR) ... ... METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR MEASURING A SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR) ... ... METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR MEASURING A SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR) Inventor: BOLOMEY J... ...BOLOMEY J C Alerting Abstract ... which measure the amplitude and phase of tangential components and a microcomputer (9) calculates the **specific absorption** rate from system analyzer (8) data. ...which simulates biological tissue then determine by transformation the field in the volume and the specific absorption rate... ... USE - To measure specific absorption rate in simulated biological tissue. Particular application to testing the electromagnetic effects of mobile telephone... ... ADVANTAGE - The method measures the **specific absorption** rate quickly and precisely. It is simple to use as the measurement sensors do not... Original Publication Data by Authority Argentina Publication No. ...Inventor name & address: BOLOMEY J... ...BOLOMEY, Jean-Charles... ...BOLOMEY, Jean-Charles... ...BOLOMEY J C... ...BOLOMEY, Jean-Charles Original Abstracts: The invention relates to a very quick method of measuring a specific absorption rate (SAR) in a phantom filled with a liquid which reconstitutes the dielectric properties of a biological... ... the electric field in the volume inside the phantom; and calculating the value of the SAR. ... ... The invention relates to a very quick method of measuring a specific absorption rate (SAR) in a phantom filled with a liquid which reconstitutes the dielectric properties of a biological... ... the electric field in the volume inside the phantom; and calculating the value of the SAR. ... ...

14/K,3/14 (Item 6 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

Optically modulated scatterer for optically modulated scatterer array for measuring spatial distribution of electromagnetic signal/field, e.g. antenna near field, comprises optical waveguide for transmitting optical signal to optical switch

Patent Assignee: HUANG M C (HUAN-I); LIANG W L (LIAN-I); SHAY W T (SHAY-I); IND

TECHNOLOGY RES INST (ITRI)

Inventor: HUANG M C; LIANG W L; SHAY W T; HUANG M; LIANG W; SHAY W

Patent Family (4 patents, 2 countries)												
Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Туре					
US 20050140550	<b>A</b> 1	20050630	US 2004936798	A	20040909	200550	В					
US 7082230	В2	20060725	US 2004936798	A	20040909	200649	Е					
TW 237957	B1	20050811	TW 2003136918	A	20031225	200659	E					
TW 200522557	A	20050701	TW 2003136918	A	20031225	200957	Е					

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): TW 2003136918 A 20031225; US 2004936798 A 20040909

Patent Details											
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing Notes						
US 20050140550	<b>A</b> 1	EN	16	11							
TW 237957	В1	ZH									
TW 200522557	A	ZH									

...for measuring spatial distribution of electromagnetic signal/field, e.g. antenna near field, comprises optical waveguide for transmitting optical signal to optical switch Alerting Abstract ...a substrate (12); an optical switch (30) electrically connected to the antenna; and an optical waveguide (40) for transmitting an optical signal to the optical switch. ...one-, two-, or three-dimensional distribution of the electromagnetic field, such as antenna near field, specific absorption rate distribution, electromagnetic wave propagation, and electromagnetic compatibility analysis... ... 40 Optical waveguide **Technology Focus** ELECTRONICS - Preferred Component: The optical waveguide is aimed at an interdigital region between the first and second interdigital electrodes. The first... Extension Abstract Original Publication Data by Authority Argentina Publication No. ... Original Abstracts: antenna positioned on the substrate, an optical switch connected to the antenna and an optical waveguide for transmitting an optically modulated signal to the optical switch. The antenna includes a first... ... antenna positioned on the substrate, an optical switch connected to the antenna, and an optical waveguide connected to the optical switch. The antenna includes a first conductive line and a second... ... switch electrically connects the first conductive line and the second conductive line, and the optical waveguide can transmit an optical modulating signal to the optical switch. In addition, the antenna can... ... antenna positioned on the substrate, an optical switch connected to the antenna, and an optical waveguide connected to the optical switch. The antenna includes a first conductive line and a second... ... switch electrically connects the first conductive line and the second conductive line, and the optical waveguide can transmit an optical modulating signal to the optical switch. In addition, the antenna can...

14/K,3/15 (Item 7 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

0014343503 *Drawing available* WPI Acc no: 2004-531654/200451

Specific absorption rate-enhanced mobile communication terminal

Patent Assignee: PANTECH CO LTD (PCCO); PANTECH NET CO LTD (PCCO)

Inventor: SOHN G T; SON G T

Patent Family ( 2 patents, 1 countries )												
Patent Number	Kind	Date	<b>Application Numbe</b>	r Kind	Date	Update Ty	ype					
KR 2004026819	A	20040401	KR 200258423	A	20020926	200451 B						
KR 448695	В	20040916	KR 200258423	A	20020926	200508 E						

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): KR 200258423 A 20020926

Patent Details										
Patent Number Kind Lan Pgs Draw Filing Notes										
KR 2004026819	A	KO 1	10							
KR 448695	В	KO		Previously issued patent KR 2004026819						

Specific absorption rate-enhanced mobile communication terminal Alerting Abstract ...NOVELTY - An SAR(Specific Absorption Rate)-enhanced mobile communication terminal is provided to disperse and reduce an electric field proceeding to the head of a user by attaching an electromagnetic wave conductor to absorb electromagnetic wave and radiate it in the opposite of the head. ...an antenna(4), at the same surface of a printed circuit board(2). The electromagnetic wave conductor(7) made of a conductor plate or a conductive pigment changes a radiation pattern of the antenna(4). In other words, the electromagnetic wave conductor(7) absorbs electromagnetic wave generated from the trace line(6) and radiates it toward the... ...opposite direction of the head of a user of a mobile communication terminal. The electromagnetic wave conductor(7) is not connected to a ground electric potential, so it does not affect antenna...

13/9/8
DIALOG(R)File 325: Chinese Patents Fulltext 0001573623
CN1651907A *Drawing available* 

# Absorption power measuring device

Patent Assignee (name, country): NTT DOCOMO INC, JP Inventor (name, country): IYAMA TAKAHIRO, JP; TARUSAWA YOSHIAKI, JP; UEBAYASHI SHINJI, JP

	Patent Publications														
Patent Number Kind Date Application Number Kind Date															
Main Patent:	CN 1651907	A	20050810	CN 200510051651	A	20020808									
Priority:				JP 200268521	A	20020313									
				JP 2001240926	A	20010808									

	International Patent Classification													
IPC	Class Level	Scope	Position	Status	Version Date	Action Date	Source	Office						
G01N-022/00			Main		"Version 7"									
G01N-033/00 G01R-029/08			Secondary		"Version 7"									
G01R-0029/08	C	I		R	200601 01	20051008	M	EP						
G01N-0022/00	C	I		R	20060101	20051008M	EP							
G01R-0029/08	A	I		R	200601 01	20051008	M	EP						
G01N-0022/00	A	I		R	20060101	20051008M	EP							

## **Abstract:**

The invention claims an absorption power measuring device. The device comprises inserted into the simulating human body part structure and a magnetic property the head part of the simulation model of the inner part of the magnetic field **probe** in the outer part of radiation to the head part of simulation model is a wireless electric wave the electric field or magnetic field by means of electric field strength magnetic field **probe** to measuring head part of absorbing the radio wave of the power according to measuring value so as to estimate; Head part of simulation model comprises simulating human body head part structure and a magnetic property of solid dielectric 10' or simulate human head electromagnetic characteristics and is filled to the simulating human body head part of the structure of sealed container the liquid in the dielectric. Solid dielectric 10' of the volume or closed container the volume of less than or equal to 5x10

. . .

The procedure to determine the sar specific absorption rate for hand held

Mobiles **telephones** and claims a. Indicating wireless electric wave radiation source of the radio transmitter the

Container 11 the outer side of the fixed to the container 11 the surface of vessel 11 of the center position or corresponding to human body head

Part of the position of the ear. Detecting an electric or magnetic field of electromagnetic field **probe** 1 is inserted into the liquid medium in and 10

The radio transmitter 3 is opposite to the plane of the scan. The example of head part of simulation model and no 2

Radio transmitter 3 are respectively fixed and only the electric magnetic field **probe** 1 in order to scan to arrowhead 8 the

Indicator to move. Magnetic field **probe** 1 the final detection value the square square value multiplied by calibration coefficient

To determine the head part of simulation model of 2 the occurrence of the power of the absorption. Lateral excursion of virtual wire 6 represents **probe** 1

Scanning trace the corresponding to the mobile **phone** position for human body of the head part of the ear under the condition of the base along the

Which is parallel to the container 11 the bottom surface of the direction of the through the radio transmitter 3 of the shell of the radio transmitter

3 antenna to send and receive in the process of a wireless electric wave absorbing power of the measuring value.